

Setup Printers

Windows

Computer joined to UNIBZ domain

- Step 1



- Step 2



- Step 3



- Step 4



- Step 5



- Step 6



- Step 7



Computer not joined to UNIBZ domain

If your PC has not joined the domain, you will need to connect to ubz02prn and double click on one of the printers in the list in order to install it.

You will of course need a valid account to connect to the printserver!

To connect to ubz02prn, open Explorer and type \\ubz02prn.unibz.it:



Linux

KDE Cups Print Server

Step 1

Open a konsole and type the following command:

```
kcmsshell printmgr
```

The KDE Print Manager Window opens. Now Select Add from the right menu and choose Add Printer/Class ...



Step 2

Select the settings in the next 6 Windows



Step 3

Configure the Printer, see next 6 Windows



How to connect to a Samba Print Server

First get the name(s) of the printer(s).

To get the printer names use a Samba share browser like LinNeighborhood or use smbclient with the following options:

```
smbclient -L \\<windowsprintserver> -U <windowsuser> -W <domain> >
printer_list.txt
```

Using Kerberos (aka kinit)

```
smbclient -L \\<windowsprintserver> -k > printer_list.txt
```

- Install:

```
sudo aptitude install linneighborhood
```

- Start:

LinNeighborhood

- Press Add:

- Fill in Samba Print Server, Domain and Print Server IP-Address and press Query to verify entries, if query status: query host ... done, press OK



- Select the Samba Print Server and choose scan as user



- Fill in domain, username and password and press OK.



Now you should have a list with all printers attached to the Samba Printer Server.



Next you need to create/add to /etc/cups/printers.conf file

Example

```
<Printer **A103**>
Info **HP LaserJet 4050 Series**
Location **Library**
DeviceURI smb://**username**:**password**@UNIBZ/UBZ02PRN/**printername**
State Idle
StateTime 1178615467
Accepting Yes
Shared Yes
JobSheets none none
QuotaPeriod 0
PageLimit 0
KLimit 0
OpPolicy default
ErrorPolicy retry-job
</Printer>
```

You have to modify the following parameters:

```
<Printer A103>: name of the printer
Info HP LaserJet 4050 Series: Info about the printer, type etc.
Location Library: Where is the printer located
DeviceURI smb://username:password@UNIBZ/UBZ02PRN/printername: username,
password and Printer Name.
```

Example:

```
<Printer A103>
Info HP LaserJet 4050 Series
```

Location Library

DeviceURI smb://bgates:forgotten@UNIBZ/UBZ02PRN/4250_A103

Last restart the cupsys daemon:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/cupsys restart
```

MacOsX

Open the preference panel and select “Print & Fax” and press the “+” button



Choose “IP Printer” and then “Internet Printing Protocol” In the address field put “gutenberg.inf.unibz.it:631”



and in the “queue” the path according to this table:

model	location	alias	queue
HP4050	1st floor left	admin	/printers/HP_LaserJet_4050
HP4350	2st floor left	krdb	/printers/HP_LJ4350
HP4100	2st floor right	dis	/printers/HP_LaserJet_4100
HP3700	1st floor right	case	/printers/HP_LaserJet_3700
HP5550	1st floor left	admin-color	/printers/HP_Color_LaserJet_5550

and then choose the printer model accordingly, then press “Add”

MacOsX via Samba

Open the preference panel and select “Print & Fax” and press the “+” button



While holding the option (alt) key press **More Printers** and chose **Advanced** from the topmost dropdown menu. Then choose as Device **Windows Printer via SAMBA**, insert a device name and as DeviceURI

```
smb://UNIBZ\mylogin:mypassowrd@ubz02prn.unibz.it/Printqueueuname
```

. Finally choose your printer model.



To get a list of Printqueueunames on ubz02prn you can use the terminal and type the following command:

```
smbutil view //mylogin@ubz02prn.unibz.it
```

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