

SLURM - Simple Linux Utility for Resource Management

Introduction

Slurm is an open source, fault-tolerant, and highly scalable cluster management and job scheduling system for large and small Linux clusters.

It provides three key functions:

- allocating exclusive and/or non-exclusive access to resources (computer nodes) to users for some duration of time so they can perform work,
- providing a framework for starting, executing, and monitoring work (typically a parallel job such as MPI) on a set of allocated nodes, and
- arbitrating contention for resources by managing a queue of pending jobs.



Installation

Controller

Controller name: slurm-ctrl

Install slurm-wlm and tools

```
ssh slurm-ctrl
apt install slurm-wlm slurm-wlm-doc mailutils svview mariadb-client mariadb-server libmariadb-dev python-dev python-mysqldb
```

Install Maria DB Server

```
apt-get install mariadb-server
systemctl start mysql
mysql -u root
create database slurm_acct_db;
create user 'slurm'@'localhost';
set password for 'slurm'@'localhost' = password('slurmdbpass');
grant usage on *.* to 'slurm'@'localhost';
grant all privileges on slurm_acct_db.* to 'slurm'@'localhost';
flush privileges;
exit
```

In the file /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/50-server.cnf we should have the following setting:

```
vi /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/50-server.cnf
bind-address = localhost
```

Node Authentication

First, let us configure the default options for the munge service:

```
vi /etc/default/munge
OPTIONS="--syslog --key-file /etc/munge/munge.key"
```

Central Controller

The main configuration file is `/etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf` this file has to be present in the controller and `*ALL*` of the compute nodes and it also has to be consistent between all of them.

```
vi /etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf

#####
# /etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf
#####
# slurm.conf file generated by configurator easy.html.
# Put this file on all nodes of your cluster.
# See the slurm.conf man page for more information.
#
ControlMachine=slurm-ctrl
#ControlAddr=10.7.20.97
#
#MailProg=/bin/mail
MpiDefault=none
#MpiParams=ports=#-#
ProctrackType=proctrack/pgid
ReturnToService=1
SlurmctldPidFile=/var/run/slurm-llnl/slurmctld.pid
##SlurmctldPidFile=/var/run/slurmctld.pid
#SlurmctldPort=6817
SlurmdPidFile=/var/run/slurm-llnl/slurmd.pid
##SlurmdPidFile=/var/run/slurmd.pid
#SlurmdPort=6818
SlurmdSpoolDir=/var/spool/slurmd
SlurmUser=slurm
#SlurmdUser=root
StateSaveLocation=/var/spool
SwitchType=switch/none
TaskPlugin=task/none
#
#
# TIMERS
#KillWait=30
```

```
#MinJobAge=300
#SlurmctldTimeout=120
#SlurmdTimeout=300
#
#
# SCHEDULING
FastSchedule=1
SchedulerType=sched/backfill
SelectType=select/linear
#SelectTypeParameters=
#
#
# LOGGING AND ACCOUNTING
AccountingStorageType=accounting_storage/none
ClusterName=cluster
#JobAcctGatherFrequency=30
JobAcctGatherType=jobacct_gather/none
#SlurmctldDebug=3
SlurmctldLogFile=/var/log/slurm-llnl/SlurmctldLogFile
#SlurmdDebug=3
SlurmdLogFile=/var/log/slurm-llnl/SlurmLogFile
#
#
# COMPUTE NODES
NodeName=linux1 NodeAddr=10.7.20.98 CPUs=1 State=UNKNOWN
```

```
root@slurm-ctrl# scp /etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf csadmin@10.7.20.97:/tmp/.;
scp /etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf csadmin@10.7.20.102:/tmp/.
root@slurm-ctrl# systemctl start slurmctld
```

Accounting Storage

After we have the slurm-llnl-slurmdbd package installed we configure it, by editing the /etc/slurm-llnl/slurmdbd.conf file:

```
vi /etc/slurm-llnl/slurmdbd.conf
```

```
#####
#
# /etc/slurm-llnl/slurmdbd.conf is an ASCII file which describes Slurm
# Database Daemon (SlurmDBD) configuration information.
# The contents of the file are case insensitive except for the names of
# nodes and files. Any text following a "#" in the configuration file is
# treated as a comment through the end of that line. The size of each
# line in the file is limited to 1024 characters. Changes to the
# configuration file take effect upon restart of SlurmDbd or daemon
# receipt of the SIGHUP signal unless otherwise noted.
#
# This file should be only on the computer where SlurmDBD executes and
```

```
# should only be readable by the user which executes SlurmDBD (e.g.
# "slurm"). This file should be protected from unauthorized access since
# it contains a database password.
#####
AuthType=auth/munge
AuthInfo=/var/run/munge/munge.socket.2
StorageHost=localhost
StoragePort=3306
StorageUser=slurm
StoragePass=slurmdbpass
StorageType=accounting_storage/mysql
StorageLoc=slurm_acct_db
LogFile=/var/log/slurm-llnl/slurmdbd.log
PidFile=/var/run/slurm-llnl/slurmdbd.pid
SlurmUser=slurm
```

```
root@slurm-ctrl# systemctl start slurmdbd
```

Authentication

Copy /etc/munge.key to all compute nodes

```
scp /etc/munge/munge.key csadmin@10.7.20.97:/tmp/.
```

Run a job from slurm-ctrl

```
ssh csadmin@slurm-ctrl
srun -N 1 hostname
linux1
```

Test munge

```
munge -n | unmunge | grep STATUS
STATUS:          Success (0)
munge -n | ssh slurm-ctrl unmunge | grep STATUS
STATUS:          Success (0)
```

Test Slurm

```
sinfo
PARTITION AVAIL  TIMELIMIT  NODES  STATE NODELIST
debug*      up       infinite     1    idle linux1
```

Compute Nodes

A compute node is a machine which will receive jobs to execute, sent from the Controller, it runs the slurmd service.



Installation

```
ssh -l csadmin 10.7.20.102  
sudo apt install slurm-wlm
```

Generate ssh keys

```
ssh-keygen
```

Copy ssh-keys to slurm-ctrl (using IP, because no DNS in place)

```
ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub csadmin@10.7.20.97:
```

Become root to do important things:

```
sudo -i  
vi /etc/hosts
```

Add those lines below to the /etc/hosts file

```
10.7.20.97      slurm-ctrl.inf.unibz.it slurm-ctrl  
10.7.20.98      linux1.inf.unibz.it    linux1
```

First copy the munge keys from the slurm-ctrl to all compute nodes, now fix location, owner and permission.

```
mv /tmp/munge.key /etc/.  
chown munge:munge /etc/munge/munge.key  
chmod 400 /etc/munge/munge.key
```

Place /etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf in right place,

```
mv /tmp/slurm.conf /etc/slurm-llnl/  
chown root: /etc/slurm-llnl/slurm.conf
```

Links

[Slurm Workload Manager Overview](#)

[Steps to create a small slurm cluster with GPU enabled nodes](#)

[Slurm in Ubuntu Clusters Part1](#)

Slurm batch queueing system

SLURM Workload Manager

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